

What I've Learnt in 40 Years of Investing

"It's not supposed to be easy. Anyone who finds it easy is stupid."

- Charlie Munger



1. Fundamentals is the Only Reliable Anchor

- Difference between Investment and Speculation
 - "An investment operation is one which, upon **thorough analysis**, promises **safety of principal** and a satisfactory return. Operations not meeting these requirements are speculative."
 - Benjamin Graham



1. Fundamentals is the Only Reliable Anchor

Short-term price behaviour is unpredictable

"For some reason, people take their cues from price action rather than from values. What doesn't work is when you start doing things that you don't understand or because they worked last week for somebody else. The dumbest reason in the world to buy a stock is because it's going up."

- Warren Buffett



1. Fundamentals is the Only Reliable Anchor

 Stock prices will ultimately reflect fundamentals i.e. earnings, cash flow, growth

"The critical investment factor is determining the **intrinsic** value of a business and paying a **fair or bargain price**."

- Warren Buffett



2. Risk Management is Critical

- Warren Buffett's 2 rules on investing
 - No. 1: Don't lose money
 - No. 2: Don't forget rule no. 1
- Invest only in things you understand
- Embrace volatility but avoid permanent impairment of capital



2. Risk Management is Critical

- Four ways to permanently impair capital
 - 1. Investing in highly leveraged companies (Swiber)
 - 2. Vastly overpaying for a stock (Nikkei index 1989)
 - 3. Investing in businesses that become obsolete (Nokia, Kodak)
 - 4. Investing in fraudulent companies (Citiraya, China Milk, DBA)



3. Think Long Term

- The best returns are made from buying quality companies at attractive prices and holding them for long periods
- Harness the power of compounding invest in compounders
- Think like a business owner, not just a security trader



4. Look Beyond the Obvious - 2nd Level Thinking

- If it is obvious it would be priced in already
- Examples of 2nd level thinking
- Difference between Level 1 and Level 2 thinking

Source: Howard Marks – The Most Important Thing



5. Be Humble

- There is a lot more we don't know than what we know
- Don't confuse luck with skill
- The danger of being too sure of yourself

"It ain't what you don't know that gets you into trouble. It's what you know for sure that just ain't so."

- Mark Twain
- While markets are not always efficient, one should never ignore the concept of market efficiency
- Always ask: What makes me think that I'm right and the "market" is wrong



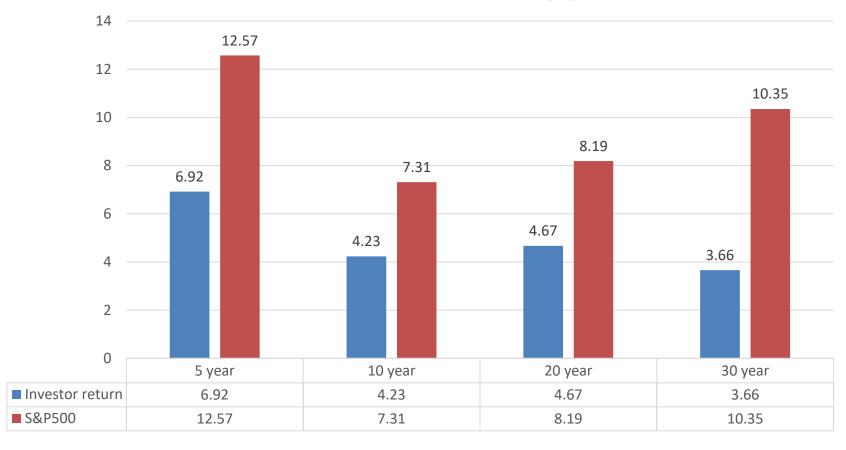
6. Temperament is more important than IQ

- 2 biggest behavioural mistakes: Greed & Fear
- Sir Issac Newton and the South Sea Bubble
- The "Behaviour Gap"



Behavior Gap

Investors' Return v.s S&P500 (%)



Source: Dalbar – QAIB 2015



Behavioral Errors and Biases

- Cognitive (result of faulty reasoning)
 - Conservatism bias
 - Confirmation bias
 - Representativeness bias
 - Availability bias
 - Hindsight Bias
 - Gambler's Fallacy
- Emotional Bias (result of reasoning influenced by feelings)
 - Loss aversion
 - Overconfidence
 - Endowment effect
 - Status-quo bias



6. Antidote to Behavioral Investing Mistakes

Be Rational

"You're neither right nor wrong because other people agree with you. You're right because your **facts are right** and your **reasoning is right** – that's the only thing that makes you right. And if your facts and reasoning are right, you don't have to worry about anybody else."

- Warren Buffett

"I'm successful because I'm rational."

- Charlie Munger

Be Disciplined

"Investors need discipline to avoid many unattractive pitches that are thrown, patience to wait for the right pitch, and judgement to know when it is time to swing'

- Seth Klarman



6. Temperament is more important than IQ

"To be a successful investor, you have to have a philosophy and process you believe in and can stick to, even under pressure."

- Howard Marks



7. Bet Seldom, Bet Big

- When hunting for elephants don't get distracted chasing rabbits (Boone Pickens)
- Buffett's idea Limit yourself to making only 20 investment decisions in your life time
- Bet big and only when the odds are heavily stacked in your favour



8. Read and Learn Continually

- Refresh basic investing principles
- Read (just to name a few)
 - Common Stocks and Uncommon Profits Philip Fisher
 - Margin of Safety Seth Klarman
 - The Essays of Warren Buffett Lawrence Cunningham
 - The Intelligent Investor Benjamin Graham
 - The Most Important Thing Howard Marks
 - Fooled by Randomness Nicholas Taleb
- Learn how to value businesses
- Learn from your mistakes



Recap 8 Lessons

- 1. Fundamentals is the only reliable anchor
- 2. Risk management is critical
- 3. Think long-term
- 4. Look beyond the obvious 2nd level thinking
- 5. Be humble
- 6. Temperament is more important than IQ
- 7. Bet seldom, bet big
- 8. Read and learn continually